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ERF 26th Annual Conference Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) as a Framework for MENA's Development Policy



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We aimed to proposing model for predicting the fiscal breakeven oil price for oil-exporting countries, based on an empirical study using the Black-Scholes model in. To achieve our examination we use the oil prices with daily data during the period of **2013 to 2019**, the fiscal breakeven oil prices and external breakeven oil prices from **2000 to 2020**, which are determined by the International Monetary Fund (IMF); in addition to the fiscal breakeven oil prices of Algeria.

Keywords: Financial sustainability, break-even price, options prices, Black-Sholes model, hedging, public budget.



OUTLINE







Examine the

Proposing new method for determining BE oil prices.

Sholes model to determine the BE oil prices.

performance

of the Black-

The possibility to create a hedging position on front of the high volatility. **Abstract** Introduction

Brad and Col 2017

- BE calculation
- EBE importance
- The BE's calculations limits

Abdullah et al 2018

- Oil prices/domestic resource gap/BE.
- The BE in Saudi is high .
- Significant effect between BE and domestic resource gpas.

Jorge et Selim 2019

- BE can control the goverment's revunues and spending.
- Controling the oil production according the the oil variation prices.



Aissaoui Ali 2019

- Revising a model for BE calculation.
- Determined the main variables to calculate BE.
- Sowed the limit on the calculation when the exchage rate is ignored



Results

Our paper aims to predict the fiscal Break-even oil prices using crude oil prices collected from *Thomson Reuter's* database from 02/01/2013 to 09/04/2019 with daily data. In order to achieve our hypotheses we will use the Black-Sholes model as a benchmark model to evaluate the options prices, in addition to the risk-free rate, which is collected from the Federal Reserve Bank, as well as the fiscal-external breakeven oil prices. The rest of the variables will calculated based on our data. The Break-even price for call option

$$BEP_c = C + K$$

The Break-even price for put option

$$BEP_p = K - P$$



Figure 01: The fiscal Breakeven prices for some oil exporting countries in the Middle East and North Africa.



Source: Authors using <u>www.fred.stlouisfed.org</u>. (IMF).



Figure: 02 the volatility oil returns during the period of study (2013-2019) Returns

Source: Authors.

Table 01: The presentation of the different breakeven oil prices types

year	B-S Fiscal Breakeven oil price	Fiscal Breakeven oil prices (IMF)	External Breakeven oil prices	Fiscal Breakeven price In Algeria	Oil prices average
2013	105,059(*)			37	
		108,135	108,092		108,704
2014	95,423			37	
		135,327	115,489		99,449
2015	48,587	106.025	06 500	45	52 500
2016	20 (94	106,825	96,598	45	53,598
2016	39,084	102 506	89 081	45	45 131
2017	50.548	102,500	07,001	50	45,151
_017		91,394	90,034		54,737
2018	67,226	·	·	50	
		98,933	101,684		71,692
2019	62,253			50	64,444
		116,446	106,672		

Source: Authors. (*), is the fiscal breakeven prices based on the B-S'svariables; rf: the free-risk rate, S: market oil pieces, K: the Strike price, σ : the volatility. Exp: BEP₂₀₁₃= the average(K₂₀₁₃-P₂₀₁₃)=105.059

Table 02: the correlation between the different breakeven oil prices.

Correlations	B-S Fiscal Breakeven oil price	Fiscal Breakeven oil prices (IMF)	External Breakeven oil prices	Fiscal Breakeven price In Algeria
B-S Fiscal Breakeven oil Price	100,00%	56,59%	85,95%	-74,15%
Fiscal Breakeven oil prices (IMF)	<u>56,59%</u>	100,00%	83,02%	-61,73%
External Breakeven oil prices	<u>85,95%</u>	<u>83,02%</u>	100,00%	-57,30%
Fiscal Breakeven price In Algeria	-74,15%	<u>-61,73%</u>	-57,30%	100,00%

Source: Authors.

Figure 03: The cost of the put option in the case $BEP_{BS} = K$





Source: Authors



PUT

Source: Authors.





Source: Authors.

Abstract Introduction

Leterature Review

Main results

Negative correlation between the B-S and the reference prices indicated in Algeria's public budge. •Strong correlation between the fiscal breakeven prices based on the Black-Scholes model and the external breakeven price.

•Weak correlation with the IMF's fiscal breakeven prices

THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION